



# Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

## Isopropylalkohol

Version number: 8.0  
Replaces version of: 2016-12-09

Revision: 2018-01-31  
First version: 20.12.2010

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

<b>Trade name</b>	<u>Isopropylalkohol</u>
<b>Other names or synonyms</b>	propan-2-ol
<b>Registration number (REACH)</b>	01-2119457558-25
<b>EC number</b>	200-661-7
<b>Index number in CLP Annex VI</b>	603-117-00-0
<b>CAS number</b>	67-63-0

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

<b>Relevant identified uses</b>	Alcohol cleaner Chemicals for synthesis Industrial uses
<b>Uses advised against</b>	Do not use for private purposes (household)

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

BERGCHEMIE J.C.Bröcking & Co. GmbH Rudolfstrasse 14 42285 Wuppertal Germany	Telephone: ++49 (0) 202 - 45 60 60 Telefax: ++49 (0) 202 / 44 79 32
--	--

**e-mail (competent person)** [sdb@csb-online.de](mailto:sdb@csb-online.de)

Please do not use this e-mail adress to ask for the latest safety data sheet. For this purpose contact BERGCHEMIE J.C.Bröcking & Co. GmbH.

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

As above or next toxicological information centre.

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)**

# Isopropylalkohol

Classification				
Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.6	flammable liquid	2	Flam. Liq. 2	H225
3.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	2	Eye Irrit. 2	H319
3.8D	specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (narcotic effects, drowsiness)	3	STOT SE 3	H336

for full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

## The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

## 2.2 Label elements

### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

**Signal word** danger

### Pictograms

GHS02, GHS07



### Hazard statements

**H225** Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

**H319** Causes serious eye irritation.

**H336** May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### Precautionary statements

**P210** Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

**P305+P351+P338** IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

**P312** Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

**P370+P378** In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.

**P403+P233** Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

**P403+P235** Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**P501** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

## 2.3 Other hazards

There is no additional information.

# Isopropylalkohol

## Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

<b>Name of substance</b>	propan-2-ol
<b>Identifiers</b>	
CAS No	67-63-0
EC No	200-661-7
Index No	603-117-00-0
<b>Molecular formula</b>	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub> O
<b>Molar mass</b>	60.1 g <sub>mol</sub>

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### General notes

Remove affected person from the danger area and lay down.

Do not leave affected person unattended.

Self-protection of the first aider.

#### Following inhalation

Provide fresh air.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions.

In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

#### Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing.

Wash with plenty of water.

Irritation and significant inflammation of the skin (dermatitis) due to the defatting properties of the product may be caused by repeated or prolonged exposure.

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Observe aspiration hazard if vomiting occurs.

# Isopropylalkohol

---

## Notes for the doctor

none

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Narcotic effects.

Unconsciousness.

Headache.

Vertigo.

Nausea.

Dizziness.

Observe aspiration hazard if vomiting occurs.

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Subsequent observance for pneumonia and pulmonary oedema.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

water spray, alcohol resistant foam, fire extinguishing powder, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition products: Section 10.

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

Danger of bursting container.

#### Hazardous combustion products

carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Keep containers cool with water spray.

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses.

Collect contaminated firefighting water separately.

Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

# Isopropylalkohol

---

## Special protective equipment for firefighters

use suitable breathing apparatus

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

Ventilate affected area.

Avoidance of ignition sources.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Avoid breathing vapours.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Wearing of suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing.

#### For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

In case of formation of gases/vapours/mists suppress with water spray.

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advices on how to clean up a spill

Collect spillage.

Absorbent material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust, etc.).

#### Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

Ventilate affected area.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

Personal protective equipment: see section 8.

Incompatible materials: see section 10.

Disposal considerations: see section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.  
Avoid breathing vapours.  
Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.  
Handle and open container with care.

#### Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation.  
Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.  
Take precautionary measures against static discharge.  
Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches.  
Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.  
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.  
Use only non-sparking tools.

#### Specific notes/details

Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.  
Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

#### Measures to protect the environment

Avoid release to the environment.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas.  
Wash hands after use.  
Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.  
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place.  
Use local and general ventilation.  
Keep cool.  
Protect from sunlight.

#### Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.  
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
Take precautionary measures against static discharge.  
Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.  
Protect from sunlight.  
Temperature class (DIN 57165): T2 (DIN VDE 0165).  
Gas group (explosion group) (DIN 57165): IIA (DIN VDE 0165).

# Isopropylalkohol

## Incompatible substances or mixtures

Incompatible materials: see section 10.

## Protect against external exposure, such as

heat, sunlight

## Consideration of other advice

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

## Ventilation requirements

Provision of sufficient ventilation.

## Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

## Storage temperature

maximum storage temperature: >50 °C

## Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)									
Country	Name of agent	CAS No	Notation	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Source
GB	propan-2-ol	67-63-0		WEL	400	999	500	1,250	EH40/2005

#### Notation

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period unless otherwise specified

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average

### Human health values

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels				
Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
DNEL	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
DNEL	888 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
DNEL	89 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	consumer (private households)	chronic - systemic effects

# Isopropylalkohol

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels				
Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
DNEL	319 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	consumer (private households)	chronic - systemic effects
DNEL	26 mg/kg bw/day	human, oral	consumer (private households)	chronic - systemic effects

## Environmental values

Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels		
Endpoint	Threshold level	Environmental compartment
PNEC	140.9 mg/l	water
PNEC	140.9 mg/l	marine water
PNEC	2,251 mg/l	sewage treatment plant (STP)
PNEC	552 mg/kg	freshwater sediment
PNEC	552 mg/kg	marine sediment
PNEC	140.9 mg/l	freshwater
PNEC	28 mg/kg	soil

## 8.2 Exposure controls

### Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

### Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

#### Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

#### Hand protection

Material	Material thickness	Breakthrough times of the glove material
NBR: acrylonitrile-butadiene rubber	≥ 0,35 mm	>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)
IIR: isobutene-isoprene (butyl) rubber	≥ 0,5 mm	>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)
FKM: fluoro-elastomer	≥ 0,4 mm	>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)



# Isopropylalkohol

Wear suitable gloves.

Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374.

Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use.

In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well.

For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

## Respiratory protection

Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65 °C , colour code: Brown).

## Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination.

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Physical state	liquid
Form	fluid
Colour	colourless
Odour	alcohol-like
Odour threshold	these information are not available

#### Other safety parameters

pH (value)	these information are not available
Melting point/freezing point	-88 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range	82 – 83 °C
Flash point	12 °C
Evaporation rate	these information are not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant (fluid)

#### Explosive limits

Lower explosion limit (LEL)	2 vol%
Upper explosion limit (UEL)	13 vol%
Vapour pressure	43 hPa at 20 °C
Density	these information are not available
Vapour density	these information are not available
Relative density	these information are not available

# Isopropylalkohol

## Solubility(ies)

### Water solubility

miscible in any proportion  
completely miscible with water

### Partition coefficient

n-octanol/water (log KOW)

0.05 (25 °C)

Auto-ignition temperature

>350 °C

Relative self-ignition temperature for solids

not relevant  
(Fluid)

Decomposition temperature

these information are not available

## Viscosity

### Kinematic viscosity

these information are not available

### Dynamic viscosity

2 – 2.43 mPa s at 20 °C

Explosive properties

none

Oxidising properties

none

## 9.2 Other information

Temperature class (EU, acc. to ATEX)

T2

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

Risk of ignition.

If heated:

risk of ignition

### 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

If heated Danger of bursting container.

Do not mix with acids.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

# Isopropylalkohol

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.  
Use only non-sparking tools.

## 10.5 Incompatible materials

acids, bases, oxidisers, amine, aldehyde

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known.

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

If not otherwise specified the classification is based on:

Animal studies; Evidence from any other toxicity tests; Expert judgement (weight of evidence determination).

#### Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

##### Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Acute toxicity						
Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source	Notes
inhalation: vapour	LC50	>25 mg/l/4h	rat	OECD Guideline 403	ECHA	
oral	LD50	5,840 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 401	ECHA	
dermal	LD50	13,400 mg/kg	rabbit	OECD Guideline 402	ECHA	

##### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Irritation and significant inflammation of the skin (dermatitis) due to the defatting properties of the product may be caused by repeated or prolonged exposure.

##### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

##### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

###### Skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a skin sensitiser.

###### Respiratory sensitisation

Classification could not be established because:

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

# Isopropylalkohol

## Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

## Carcinogenicity

Classification could not be established because:

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

## Reproductive toxicity

Classification could not be established because:

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

## Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

## Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Classification could not be established because:

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

## Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

#### Aquatic toxicity (acute)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)					
Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source	Exposure time
LC50	9,640 mg/l	fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	OECD Guideline 203	ECHA	96 h
LC50	>10,000 mg/l	daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202	ECHA	24 h

#### Aquatic toxicity (chronic)

No data available.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Process of degradability				
Process	Degradation rate	Time	Method	Source
oxygen depletion	53 %	5 d		ECHA

# Isopropylalkohol

## Biodegradation

The substance is readily biodegradable.

## Persistence

Data are not available.

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

### n-octanol/water (log KOW)

0.05 (25 °C)  
(ECHA)

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

## 12.6 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

### Endocrine disrupting potential

Not listed.

## Remarks

Wassergefährdungsklasse, WGK (water hazard class): 1 (Slightly hazardous to water)

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

#### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

#### Relevant provisions relating to waste

##### list of wastes

20 01 13x Solvents

# Isopropylalkohol

## Remarks


Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

<b>14.1</b>	<b>UN number</b>	1219
<b>14.2</b>	<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	ISOPROPANOL
<b>14.3</b>	<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
	<b>Class</b>	3
<b>14.4</b>	<b>Packing group</b>	II
<b>14.5</b>	<b>Environmental hazards</b>	non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations
<b>14.6</b>	<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.
<b>14.7</b>	<b>Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code</b>	The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.


## **14.8** Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

### **Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN)**


UN number	1219
Proper shipping name	UN1219, ISOPROPANOL, 3, II, (D/E)
Class	3
Classification code	F1
Packing group	II
Danger label(s)	3
	
Special provisions (SP)	601
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L
Transport category (TC)	2.
Tunnel restriction code (TRC)	D/E
Hazard identification No	33
Emergency Action Code	2YE

# Isopropylalkohol

## International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

UN number	1219
Proper shipping name	UN1219, ISOPROPANOL, 3, II, 12°C c.c.
Class	3
Marine pollutant	-
Packing group	II
Danger label(s)	3
	
Special provisions (SP)	-
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L
EmS	F-E, S-D
Stowage category	B

## International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR)

UN number	1219
Proper shipping name	UN1219, Isopropanol, 3, II
Class	3
Packing group	II
Danger label(s)	3
	
Special provisions (SP)	A180
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

# Isopropylalkohol

## Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII

Dangerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII)					
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Type of registration	Restriction	No
propan-2-ol	this product meets the criteria for classification in accordance with Regulation No 1272/2008/EC		1907/2006/EC annex XVII	R3	3
propan-2-ol	flammable / pyrophoric		1907/2006/EC annex XVII	R40	40

### Legend

- R3
- Shall not be used in:
    - ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
    - tricks and jokes,
    - games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects,
  - Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.
  - Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or perfume, or both, if they:
    - can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and,
    - present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with R65 or H304,
  - Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation (CEN).
  - Without prejudice to the implementation of other Community provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following requirements are met:
    - lamp oils, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: 'Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children'; and, by 1 December 2010, 'Just a sip of lamp oil - or even sucking the wick of lamps - may lead to life-threatening lung damage';
    - grill lighter fluids, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: 'Just a sip of grill lighter may lead to life threatening lung damage';
    - lamp oils and grill lighters, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010.
  - No later than 1 June 2014, the Commission shall request the European Chemicals Agency to prepare a dossier, in accordance with Article 69 of the present Regulation with a view to ban, if appropriate, grill lighter fluids and fuel for decorative lamps, labelled R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public.
  - Natural or legal persons placing on the market for the first time lamp oils and grill lighter fluids, labelled with R65 or H304, shall by 1 December 2011, and annually thereafter, provide data on alternatives to lamp oils and grill lighter fluids labelled R65 or H304 to the competent authority in the Member State concerned. Member States shall make those data available to the Commission.



# Isopropylalkohol

## Legend

- R40
1. Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:
    - metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,
    - artificial snow and frost,
    - 'whoopee' cushions,
    - silly string aerosols,
    - imitation excrement,
    - horns for parties,
    - decorative flakes and foams,
    - artificial cobwebs,
    - stink bombs.
  2. Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with: 'For professional users only'.
  3. By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the aerosol dispensers referred to Article 8 (1a) of Council Directive 75/324/EEC (2).
  4. The aerosol dispensers referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the requirements indicated.

## List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV)

not listed

## Seveso Directive

2012/18/EU (Seveso III)				
No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower and upper-tier requirements		Notes
P5c	flammable liquids (cat. 2, 3)	5,000	50,000	51)

### Notation

51) flammable liquids, categories 2 or 3 not covered by P5a and P5b

## Directive 2011/65/EU on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS) - Annex II

not listed

## Regulation 166/2006/EC concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

not listed

## Directive 2000/60/EC establishing a framework for Community action in the field of water policy (WFD)

not listed

# Isopropylalkohol

## Regulation 98/2013/EU on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not listed

### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance by the supplier.

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Indication of changes:

Section 8, 9, 15

### Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbreviations and acronyms	
Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways)
ADR	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
EH40/2005	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits ( <a href="http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/">http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/</a> )
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")

# Isopropylalkohol

<b>Abbreviations and acronyms</b>	
<b>Abbr.</b>	<b>Descriptions of used abbreviations</b>
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WEL	Workplace exposure limit

## Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures.  
Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2015/830/EU.

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN).

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG).

Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

## List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

<b>List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)</b>	
<b>Code</b>	<b>Text</b>
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

## Responsible for the safety data sheet

C.S.B. GmbH  
Düsseldorfer Str. 113  
47809 Krefeld

Telephone: +49 (0) 2151 - 652086 - 0  
Telefax: +49 (0) 2151 - 652086 - 9  
e-Mail: [info@csb-online.de](mailto:info@csb-online.de)  
Website: [www.csb-online.de](http://www.csb-online.de)

## Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge.  
This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.